Unit 1: Establishing the Writing Workshop (2 weeks)

Rationale

Why is this unit important and appropriate for this grade level and at this time of the year?

During this unit, students are introduced to the daily routines of writing workshop. Writers build upon their knowledge and experiences using the writer's notebook through discussion of the may entry styles and purposes the notebook serves. Students consider themselves as writers who write for many purposes. This unit serves as the foundation for the year and therefore motivating and exciting students about writing is a key component of the unit.

Learning Outcomes

What do we expect students to know and be able to do at the end of the unit?

Students will:

- Follow the routines and procedures of the writing workshop
- Learn the purpose of keeping a writer's notebook
- Write many different entry styles and genres
- Write for many purposes with stamina
- Incorporate a variety of craft strategies in writing (e.g., notebook entries, drafts)

Minilessons/Notes/Tips

What minilessons will lead to student learning outcomes?

Possible Minilessons:

- Selecting and caring for the writer's notebook
 - Organizing/setting up the writer's notebook
 - Entries section (the largest section)
 - o Vocabulary section
 - Mentor text section
 - Strategies learned section (during minilessons, conferences, guided writing)
- Discussing habits for using a writer's notebook (e.g., skip a line, only write on one side of the page; make sections in the notebook for different types of writing)
- Identifying genres and types of writing that should go into a notebook (e.g., observations, memories, questions, wonderings, opinions, lists)
- Discussing where writers get ideas (e.g., expert lists, heart maps, possible topic list in the back of notebook)
- Establishing routines and procedures for what writers do when they think they're done
- Using literature as a springboard for writing ideas (see suggested mentor texts)
- Using quick writes as a way to help students develop writing stamina, volume
- Explaining workshop management procedures (e.g., what to do if you need help and the teacher is conferring, what to do if you finish an entry during writing time)
- Introducing routines for bringing the notebook back and forth from school to home
- Brainstorming craft strategies learned previously and creating an anchor chart
- Revising an existing piece to include craft moves such as the following:
 - Showing not telling
 - Using voice
 - Using sensory details
 - Elaborating by adding tension

- Establishing routines for selecting a promising entry to bring out of the notebook onto loose leaf paper to expand and revise (i.e., the drafting stage of the writing process)
- Editing writing to reflect grade level expectations for grammar, punctuation, capitalization (see Common Core Language Standards)
- Publishing and celebrating writing at the end of the unit

Notes/Tips:

- By the end of the unit students should be writing independently for 35 minutes.
- On Demand Writing #1: Post unit assessment. After students have published their in process piece at the end of the Unit 1 (and prior to the start of Unit 2) the teacher will have students do an on demand writing piece. Over the course of two writing workshops students will plan and write independently. The teacher will give the following prompt, "write a personal narrative or true story from your life. Use all of what you have learned about personal narrative writing from the past few years to compose your story. You will have two writing workshop periods to work independently on the piece and move through the writing process." The teacher will analyze the student writing to identify student strengths and areas for instruction. Resources (e.g., writing continuum, rubrics) to guide assessment can be found in the District Literacy Binder. The teacher will use the data collected to plan for whole group, small group, and individualized conferences during Unit 2 (Personal Narrative).
- Students should be encouraged to continue writing in their notebooks after meeting the goal of the day's lesson. Building writing stamina is essential.
- It is very important for students to bring their notebooks home in order to use it as a genuine writing tool. In order for students to view writing as a "life activity" rather than a "school based activity" it is important for them to write outside of the school building. In addition, students will generate many more entries in a short amount of time if they are writing outside of the school day.
- Begin guided writing groups as a way to provide differentiated writing instruction.
- Students edit their pieces daily. Refer to the District Conventions Continuum to determine appropriate convention objectives (punctuation, capitalization, syntax) to teach during the unit. Copies are available in the grade level literacy binders and on the district website http://ww3.mamkschools.org/ela/Units_of_Study.html.
- Be mindful of boy interests when suggesting activities such as decorating the notebook as well as in choosing mentor texts.
- Suggested mentor texts:
 - o *Amelia's Notebook* by Marissa Moss
 - Fig Pudding by Ralph Fletcher
 - o Knucklehead: Tall Tales and Almost True Stories of Growing Up Scieszka by Jon Scieszka
 - o Baseball, Snakes and Summer Squash by Donald Graves
 - Hey World Here I Am by Jean Little
 - Nothing Ever Happens on 90th Street by Roni Schotter
- Invite students to bring their fourth grade writer's notebook to class and share and discuss how it was used. Possibilities include the types of writing explored, craft moves attempted and favorite entries.
- Many teachers find it beneficial to have students do quick writes a few times a week. Quick writes are "starters" that writers read and then write rapidly about for approximately ten minutes. The goal is to begin writing right away and to write for the entire time. The essential difference between a quick write and a traditional writing prompt is that quick writes nudge writers to discover topics that matter, not to respond to a question that may have nothing to do with the writer's experience. (See the professional resources for recommended book of quick writes.)
- It is important to highlight student work through writing celebrations (read aloud opportunities, silent museum, published pieces become part of the classroom library) and display.
- It is critical that students publish work in every writing unit beginning with Unit 1.
- Students are encouraged to publish writing using word processing tools such as Word or other online publishing tools.
- To view Grade 5 archived artifacts for the unit please visit the Grade 5 reading/writing page. Select "Resources" from the top nav bar. To access the units of study website use the link http://ww3.mamkschools.org/units_of_study/.
- To view sample unit specific anchor charts for various units of study in reading and writing use the following link: http://readingandwritingproject.com/resources/classroom-charts/third-eighth-grade.html
- To view samples of student writing across genres and grade levels use the link http://readingandwritingproject.com/resources/student-writing/fifth-grade.html.

Professional Resources

What professional resources will be helpful in planning the unit?

- The Common Core Writing Book by Gretchen Owocki
- Units of Study in Opinion, Information, and Narrative Writing, Grade 5 by Lucy Calkins et all
- Mentor Texts: Teaching Writing Through Children's Literature, K-6 by Lynne R. Dorfman and Rose Cappelli
- Units of Study for Teaching Writing: Grade 3-5 by Lucy Calkins and Marjorie Martinelli (Launching the Writing Workshop, Volume 1)
- The Writing Workshop: Working Through the Hard Parts by Katie Wood Ray
- The Art of Teaching Writing by Lucy Calkins
- The Revision Toolbox by Georgia Heard
- Notebook Know How by Amy Buckner
- Boy Writers by Ralph Fletcher
- Craft Lessons by Ralph Fletcher
- The Writer's Notebook by Ralph Fletcher
- The No Nonsense Guide to Teaching Writing by Sharon Hill and Judy Davis
- Guiding Readers and Writers by Irene C. Fountas and Gay Su Pinnell
- 100 Ideas for Writing by Linda Rief
- My Quick Writes for Inside Writing by Donald Graves and Penny Kittle
- Guided Writing: Practical Lessons, Powerful Results by Lori D. Oczkus
- http://ww3.mamkschools.org/ela/Units_of_Study.html (See the District Conventions Continuum)